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**NEWS RELEASE****For Immediate Release**

January 9, 2002

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**State Board of Education Takes Historic Action to
Integrate Instruction for California's 1.2 million K-8 English Learners**

SACRAMENTO – For the first time in California history, the State Board of Education has adopted regular classroom textbooks that include strategies to meet the instructional needs of the more than 1 million English learners in California's K-8 public schools.

In a 7-2 vote, the State Board today adopted several K-8 textbook programs that include specially designed instructional strategies to ensure English learners have equal access to the state's rigorous English-Language Arts academic content standards, which lay out what students should know and be able to do at each grade level.

With this action by the State Board, California becomes the first state in the nation to require all K-8 basic instructional programs to include materials that can be used by the regular classroom teacher to teach grade-level content standards to English learners while they attain English-language proficiency. In all, the number of English learners statewide in K-12 numbers 1.5 million, or 25 percent of the state's public school population. Of the 1.5 million, 1.2 million are enrolled in K-8 and will be the beneficiaries of today's action.

“In line with the leadership of my predecessor, Monica Lozano, the State Board today has put the instructional materials needs of English learners at the center of instruction, not as an afterthought,” State Board President Reed Hastings said in a statement after the vote. “For the first time, instructional strategies to meet the needs of English learners are being integrated into the basic reading and language arts materials that will be used in every classroom, every day.”

Today's vote by the State Board caps a years-long process to provide K-8 reading and language arts instructional materials that are designed to ensure every student participates in the regular classroom and has access to the same basic curriculum, and that teachers are provided the support they need to ensure that all students succeed. The effort was spearheaded by the State Board's Curriculum Development and Supplemental Materials Commission, with support from the Curriculum Frameworks and Instructional Resources office of the California Department of Education.

All publishers who submitted instructional materials for adoption were required to provide explicit programs for English learners, with the programs integrated into the basic materials and teacher editions. Furthermore, the State Board-adopted materials include specially designed programs to provide intervention instruction to English learners in grades 4-8 who are entering those grades below the intermediate level of English proficiency.

Up to now, teachers typically have used supplements for English learners, or English learners were pulled from instruction involving the regular curriculum. Now, regardless if there is one English learner in the classroom or 20, the State Board-approved basic K-8 programs will support English learners in the classroom.

“Teachers of English learners will now have resources available to them to instruct English learner students without having to shuffle them off into a separate and unequal curriculum,” Hastings noted. “The State Board will fight to ensure English learners are never left to languish behind in a separate curriculum while all other students receive a rigorous, standards-based instruction.”

State Superintendent of Public Instruction Delaine Eastin noted that today’s adoption marks the culmination of several years of hard work, beginning with the adoption of English-Language Arts standards by the State Board in late 1997. “California has English-Language Arts standards, a curriculum framework and now state-adopted textbooks. This is no small feat,” Eastin said.

School districts will now determine which of the State Board-approved programs to use. Many districts are expected to pilot the basic programs and an English learner intervention program for grades 4-8. It is expected that some districts will start to use the programs as early as February while others may wait until next fall.

It is also expected that some publishers will submit a Spanish-language version of their programs as an alternate format for State Board consideration later this year.

State Board-adopted instructional materials are posted at the California Department of Education:

<http://www.cde.ca.gov/cfir/pl/index.asp>